

Meghalaya general knowledge 2013 Academic PDF

Meghalaya General Knowledge 2013

Understanding the diverse and vibrant state of Meghalaya requires delving into its rich history, culture, geography, and current affairs as of 2013. For students, travelers, and enthusiasts preparing for exams or simply seeking to expand their knowledge, this comprehensive guide on Meghalaya general knowledge 2013 offers valuable insights into one of India's northeastern jewel states.

Introduction to Meghalaya

Meghalaya, meaning "Abode of Clouds" in Sanskrit, is a picturesque state nestled in the northeastern part of India. Known for its lush landscapes, waterfalls, and unique cultural heritage, Meghalaya shares borders with Assam, Nagaland, and Bangladesh. As of 2013, Meghalaya was a relatively young state, having gained full statehood only in 1972.

Geography and Climate of Meghalaya

Geographical Features

- Location: Latitude 25°34'N to 26°10'N, Longitude 91°57'E to 92°09'E
- Area: Approximately 22,429 square kilometers
- Topography: Characterized by hills, mountains, valleys, and extensive river systems
- Major Rivers: Umiam, Wahumkhrach, and Umngot
- Notable Landforms: Khasi Hills, Garo Hills, Jaintia Hills

Climate

- Type: Tropical monsoon climate with high humidity
- Summer: March to June with temperatures ranging from 15°C to 30°C
- Monsoon: July to September, heavy rainfall occurring
- Winter: December to February with temperatures dropping to 4°C in some areas

Historical Background of Meghalaya

- Indigenous Communities: Predominantly Khasi, Garo, and Jaintia tribes
- Pre-Colonial Era: Rich oral traditions and tribal governance systems
- Colonial Period: British influence introduced tea plantations and Christianity
- Post-Independence: Became a Union Territory in 1970 and achieved full statehood in 1972

Demographics and Population (as of 2013)

- Population: Approximately 2.96 million
- Major Tribes:
 - Khasi
 - Garo
 - Jaintia
- Languages: Khasi, Garo, Jaintia, English (official), and local dialects
- Religion: Christianity (majority), Hinduism, and indigenous beliefs

Economy and Development in 2013

Key Sectors

- Agriculture: Mainstay with crops like maize, rice, potatoes, and betel leaves
- Tea Industry: Notable for tea plantations, especially in the East Khasi Hills
- Handicrafts: Woodwork, bamboo products, and weaving
- Tourism: Growing sector with attractions like waterfalls, caves, and festivals

Challenges Faced

- Infrastructure deficits
- Limited industrial development
- Environmental concerns due to deforestation and mining

Major Tourist Attractions in Meghalaya (2013)

- Living Root Bridges: Unique bridges created by weaving tree roots, especially in Cherrapunji and Mawlynnong
- Nohkalikai Falls: One of the tallest waterfalls in India
- Mawsynram: Known as the wettest place on Earth
- Uiam Lake: Popular for water sports and scenic beauty

- Mawlynnong Village: Recognized as Asia's cleanest village
- Laitlum Canyons: Offering panoramic views of the surrounding hills

Famous Festivals and Cultural Events

- Wangala Festival: Garo tribal festival celebrating harvest
- Shad Suk Mynsiem: Khasi festival of spring and thanksgiving
- Behdienkhlam: Jaintia festival to drive away evil spirits
- Christmas Celebrations: Major cultural events reflecting Christian influence

Educational and Administrative Highlights (2013)

- Educational Institutions: Several universities and colleges, including North Eastern Hill University (NEHU)
- Administrative Divisions: 11 districts, including East Khasi Hills, West Khasi Hills, Garo Hills, and Jaintia Hills
- Governance: Governed by a Chief Minister and Legislative Assembly

Current Affairs and Notable Events in 2013

- Development Initiatives: Focus on infrastructure, healthcare, and education
- Environmental Movements: Efforts to conserve forests and water bodies
- Tourism Promotion: Government campaigns to attract domestic and international tourists
- Border Issues: Ongoing discussions with Bangladesh and neighboring states on border management
- Security: Addressing insurgency and maintaining peace in remote areas

Important Facts and Trivia (2013)

- Meghalaya is home to the living root bridges, some of which are over 100 years old.
- The state experiences the highest rainfall in India, especially in Cherrapunji and Mawsynram.
- Meghalaya has the world's cleanest village, Mawlynnong, awarded by the Discover India magazine.
- The Umngot River in Dawki is famous for its crystal-clear water, making boats appear as if floating on air.
- In 2013, Meghalaya was working towards promoting eco-tourism and sustainable development strategies.

Conclusion

Meghalaya in 2013 was a state full of natural wonders, cultural richness, and developmental aspirations. Its unique geography, vibrant tribal traditions, and commitment to environmental conservation make it an intriguing subject for anyone interested in Indian states. Whether you're preparing for competitive exams or planning to visit, understanding Meghalaya's general knowledge as of 2013 provides a solid foundation for appreciating its beauty and complexity.

Key Takeaways:

- Meghalaya is renowned for its rainfall, waterfalls, and living root bridges.
- The major tribes are Khasi, Garo, and Jaintia, each with distinct traditions.
- The state has a rich cultural calendar with festivals like Wangala and Shad Suk Mynsiem.
- Economic growth is driven by agriculture, tourism, and handicrafts, despite infrastructural challenges.
- The focus in 2013 was on promoting eco-tourism and sustainable development.

By mastering Meghalaya general knowledge 2013, learners can better understand the state's unique attributes and ongoing development journey, ensuring they are well-prepared for various academic and informational needs.

Meghalaya General Knowledge 2013: A Comprehensive Guide to the State's Rich Heritage and Key Facts

Understanding Meghalaya's landscape, culture, history, and current affairs as of 2013 is essential for students, researchers, travelers, and anyone interested in the northeastern region of India. This guide offers an in-depth exploration of Meghalaya general knowledge as of 2013, providing valuable insights into the state's unique identity, demographics, geography, and socio-economic aspects. Whether preparing for exams, participating in quizzes, or simply expanding your knowledge, this detailed overview will serve as a reliable resource.

Introduction to Meghalaya: An Overview

Meghalaya general knowledge 2013 encompasses a wide array of information about one of India's most picturesque and culturally diverse states. Known as the "Abode of Clouds," Meghalaya is renowned for its scenic beauty, ancient traditions, and vibrant communities. As of 2013, the state was gaining prominence due to its ecological significance and burgeoning tourism industry.

Geographical Features and Location

Location and Boundaries

Meghalaya is located in the northeastern part of India, bordered by:

- North and East: Assam
- West: Bangladesh
- South: Assam and West Bengal

Topography

The state's terrain is characterized by:

- Hills and Plateaus: The region is part of the Meghalaya Plateau, with elevations ranging from 300 to 1,960 meters.
- Rivers and Waterfalls: The region is dotted with numerous rivers such as the Wah, Umngot, and Kynshi, and famous waterfalls like Nohkalikai Falls and Elephant Falls.
- Limestone Caves: Meghalaya is renowned for its extensive limestone cave systems, including the Mawsmai Cave and Siju Cave.

Climate

- Summer: Mild and humid, with temperatures around 15°C to 30°C.
- Winter: Cooler, with temperatures dropping to 4°C and occasionally below zero in higher altitudes.
- Monsoon: Heavy rainfall, which sustains the lush greenery and supports agriculture.

Demographics and Population

Population Data (as of 2011 Census, relevant for 2013 context)

- Total Population: Approximately 2.96 million
- Major Ethnic Groups: Khasi, Garo, Jaintia tribes
- Languages: Khasi, Garo, Jaintia, and English (official language)

Religious Composition

- Christianity: Predominant religion, especially among Khasi and Garo tribes.
- Other Religions: Hinduism, Buddhism, and traditional animist beliefs.

Literacy Rate

- Around 70% as of 2011, with ongoing improvement by 2013.

Administrative Divisions and Capitals

Capital City

- Shillong: Known as the "Scotland of the East," it serves as the political and educational hub.

Districts (as of 2013)

Meghalaya was divided into 11 districts, including:

- East Khasi Hills
- West Khasi Hills
- Jaintia Hills
- West Jaintia Hills
- Garo Hills
- West Garo Hills
- South Garo Hills
- East Garo Hills
- South West Garo Hills
- Ri Bhoi
- East Jaintia Hills

Historical Context and Key Events (2013)

Historical Background

- Pre-Colonial Era: Home to Khasi, Garo, and Jaintia tribes with rich oral traditions.
- British Rule: Incorporated into British India in the 19th century.
- State Formation: Became an autonomous district in 1950 and achieved full statehood on January 21, 1972.

Important Events of 2013

- Development Initiatives: Focus on tourism promotion, infrastructure development, and ecological conservation.
- Security and Politics: Continued efforts to maintain peace among various tribal groups and address insurgency issues.
- Environmental Movements: Rising awareness about preserving Meghalaya's natural beauty and ecological balance.

Economy and Development (2013)

Main Sectors

- Agriculture: Cultivation of rice, maize, potatoes, and fruits.
- Mining: Limestone, coal, and other mineral resources.
- Tourism: Growing sector leveraging natural attractions and cultural festivals.
- Handicrafts: Traditional weaving and craftwork among tribal communities.

Challenges

- Infrastructure deficits
- Environmental concerns due to mining
- Socio-economic disparities among tribes

Cultural Heritage and Festivals

Major Cultural Features

- Rich oral traditions, dances, and music.
- Traditional attire such as the Khasi Jaintia and Garo dresses.

Important Festivals (as of 2013)

- Wangala Festival: Garo tribal harvest festival.
- Shad Suk Mynsiem: Khasi spring festival.
- Behdienkhlam: Jaintia festival celebrating the harvest and seeking divine protection.

Cuisine

- Known for dishes like Jadoh (rice with meat), Nakham (fermented fish), and local delicacies made from bamboo shoot and fish.

Education and Institutions

Prominent Educational Institutions

- North Eastern Hill University (NEHU): Located in Shillong.
- St. Edmund's College: A key higher education institution.
- IIM Shillong: Established in 2007, gaining prominence by 2013.

Literacy and Educational Initiatives

- Government programs aimed at increasing literacy rates.
- Emphasis on preserving indigenous languages and culture.

Environmental Significance

Biodiversity

Meghalaya boasts rich flora and fauna, including:

- Rare orchids and medicinal plants.
- Wildlife such as elephants, tigers, and various species of deer.

Conservation Efforts

- Protected areas like Balphakram National Park.
- Community-led conservation initiatives.

Ecological Challenges

- Deforestation due to illegal mining.

- Climate change impacts on rainfall patterns and agriculture.

Current Affairs and Notable Developments (2013)

- Tourism Promotion: Efforts to attract domestic and international tourists by showcasing natural wonders and festivals.
- Infrastructure Projects: Road connectivity improvements and power supply enhancements.
- Social Movements: Campaigns for indigenous rights and environmental protection.

Fun Facts and Trivia about Meghalaya (2013)

- The living root bridges of Cherrapunji and Mawlynnong are marvels of natural engineering.
- Mawlynnong was declared the 'Cleanest Village in Asia' in 2013.
- Shillong is known for its vibrant music scene, often called the 'Rock Capital of India'.
- The state experiences some of the highest rainfall in India, making it one of the wettest places on earth.

Conclusion: Why Meghalaya Matters in 2013

Meghalaya general knowledge 2013 offers a window into a state that beautifully balances tradition and modernity. Its ecological treasures, rich cultural tapestry, and strategic position make it a significant part of India's northeastern corridor. By 2013, Meghalaya was increasingly recognized for its potential as a tourism hotspot and ecological conservation hub, while still grappling with challenges related to infrastructure and sustainable development. Gaining knowledge about Meghalaya not only enriches understanding of India's diverse fabric but also highlights the importance of preserving indigenous cultures and natural landscapes.

In summary, Meghalaya stands as a shining example of India's northeastern diversity, with its unique geography, vibrant traditions, and ongoing developmental challenges. For anyone seeking to deepen their understanding of Indian states, especially as of 2013, Meghalaya remains a fascinating subject filled with stories of resilience, natural beauty, and cultural richness.

QuestionAnswer What is the capital of Meghalaya as of 2013? Shillong is the capital of Meghalaya in 2013. Which mountain range passes through Meghalaya? The Khasi Hills and the Garo Hills are part of the Meghalaya Plateau, which is part of the larger Shillong Plateau, related to the Meghalaya region's mountainous terrain. What is the official language of Meghalaya according to the 2013 government records? English is the official language of Meghalaya as of 2013. Which major river flows through Meghalaya? The Uiam River is a significant river flowing through Meghalaya, along with others like the Kynshi and the Brahmaputra tributaries. What UNESCO World

Heritage Site is located in Meghalaya? The Living Root Bridges in Meghalaya, especially in Cherrapunji and Mawlynnong, are famous natural and cultural heritage sites. Which community is predominantly found in the Garo Hills of Meghalaya? The Garo community is predominantly found in the Garo Hills of Meghalaya. What is the significance of Cherrapunji in Meghalaya's geography? Cherrapunji is renowned for being one of the wettest places on earth, receiving heavy rainfall annually. In 2013, which festival celebrated by Meghalaya's indigenous communities is well-known? Wangala, the harvest festival of the Garo tribe, is a major cultural celebration in Meghalaya. What is the main economic activity in Meghalaya as of 2013? Agriculture, including the cultivation of rice, maize, and betel leaves, along with forestry and tourism, are primary economic activities. Which national park is located in Meghalaya? Nokrek National Park is located in Meghalaya and is known for its biodiversity and rare species.

Related keywords: Meghalaya, General Knowledge, 2013, Indian States, Meghalaya Geography, Meghalaya Culture, Meghalaya History, Meghalaya Politics, Meghalaya Economy, Meghalaya Tourism

GK QUESTION AND ANSWERS 2013

gk question and answers 2013

In the realm of general knowledge, staying updated with questions and answers from past years is essential for competitive exams, quizzes, and enhancing overall awareness. The year 2013 was significant in shaping various global and national events, and many questions from that year continue to be relevant for aspirants preparing for various exams. This article provides a comprehensive compilation of GK questions and answers from 2013, covering topics ranging from politics and history to science and sports, ensuring you are well-prepared to test your knowledge or prepare for future examinations.

Introduction to GK Questions and Answers 2013

General Knowledge (GK) is a vital component of competitive exams such as UPSC, SSC, banking exams, and school-level tests. Questions from 2013 reflect the political, economic, scientific, and cultural developments of that period. Familiarity with these questions helps aspirants understand the types of questions asked and the areas where they need to focus their studies.

In 2013, several landmark events took place worldwide and in India. These events have been frequently asked in various exams, making it necessary to revise and memorize key facts. The following sections provide a detailed overview of important GK questions from 2013, categorized for

easy understanding.

Political and International GK Questions of 2013

Major Political Events

- Question: Who became the Prime Minister of India after the 2013 general elections?

Answer: Narendra Modi

- Question: Which country hosted the G20 Summit in 2013?

Answer: Russia (St. Petersburg)

- Question: Who was the President of the United States in 2013?

Answer: Barack Obama

International Organizations and Leaders

- Question: Who was the Secretary-General of the United Nations in 2013?

Answer: Ban Ki-moon

- Question: Which country held the BRICS Summit in 2013?

Answer: South Africa

Important Political Events in India (2013)

- Question: Which Indian state experienced a significant political change in 2013 with the formation of a new government?

Answer: Andhra Pradesh (Reorganization into Telangana)

- Question: Name the President of India in 2013.

Answer: Pranab Mukherjee

Economics and Financial GK Questions 2013

- Question: What was India's GDP growth rate approximately in 2013?

Answer: Around 5.0%

- Question: Which major Indian bank announced the launch of the first mobile banking app in 2013?

Answer: State Bank of India (SBI)

- Question: What was the international price of gold per ounce in 2013?

Answer: Approximately \$1,200 to \$1,400 (varied throughout the year)

Science and Technology GK Questions 2013

Space and Astronomy

- Question: Which planet's mission was launched by NASA in 2013?

Answer: Mars Rover (Curiosity) continued its mission, and NASA launched the MAVEN spacecraft to study Mars' atmosphere.

- Question: What is the name of the satellite launched by India in 2013?

Answer: Mars Orbiter Mission (Mangalyaan)

Innovations and Discoveries

- Question: Which breakthrough in medical science was announced in 2013 involving gene

editing?

Answer: Advancements in CRISPR gene-editing technology gained worldwide attention.

- Question: What significant discovery was made in 2013 related to the Higgs boson?

Answer: Confirmation of the Higgs boson particle's properties by CERN scientists.

Sports GK Questions from 2013

- Question: Who won the ICC Cricket World Cup in 2013?

Answer: India won the ICC Champions Trophy (not the World Cup) in 2013.

- Question: Which athlete set a new world record in the 100 meters sprint in 2013?

Answer: Usain Bolt

- Question: Who was the captain of the Indian cricket team during the 2013 Champions Trophy?

Answer: Mahendra Singh Dhoni

Important Awards and Honors of 2013

- Question: Who received the Nobel Peace Prize in 2013?

Answer: Organisation for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons (OPCW)

- Question: Which Indian was awarded the Padma Vibhushan in 2013?

Answer: Several individuals received the award, including Dr. A.P.J. Abdul Kalam (posthumously) and others across various fields.

World and Cultural GK Questions of 2013

Notable Events and Festivals

- Question: Which city hosted the 2013 G20 Summit?

Answer: St. Petersburg, Russia

- Question: Which major festival was celebrated globally in 2013?

Answer: The 150th anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi's birth was commemorated worldwide.

Books, Films, and Literature

- Question: Which film won the Academy Award for Best Picture in 2013?

Answer: "Argo"

- Question: Name the Nobel Prize-winning author who published a notable work in 2013.

Answer: Alice Munro received the Nobel Prize in Literature in 2013.

Environmental and Geographical GK Questions 2013

- Question: Which natural disaster caused widespread devastation in the Philippines in 2013?

Answer: Typhoon Haiyan (Yolanda)

- Question: Which mountain was declared the highest in the world after reevaluation in 2013?

Answer: Mount Everest (still the highest, but the height was confirmed to be 8,848.86 meters after a 2013 survey)

Conclusion: Importance of GK Questions from 2013

Studying GK questions from 2013 provides insight into the major global and national events of that year. Such questions are frequently revisited in competitive exams, quizzes, and interviews.

Keeping a record of these questions helps aspirants build a strong foundation in general knowledge, improves their chances of success, and keeps them informed about world affairs.

Regular revision of past GK questions, like those from 2013, ensures that learners stay sharp and confident. Whether you are preparing for a competitive exam or just aiming to enhance your knowledge base, focusing on important questions from previous years is an effective strategy.

Tips for Preparing GK Questions and Answers 2013 and Beyond

- Create a dedicated GK notebook with questions and answers from each year.
- Use online quizzes and apps to test your knowledge regularly.
- Watch news summaries and documentaries related to major events of 2013.
- Join GK discussion groups or forums for interactive learning.
- Revise periodically to retain facts effectively.

By consistently updating your GK with questions from past years like 2013, you will develop a comprehensive understanding of important facts, trends, and historical events that shape our world today.

Note: This compilation is not exhaustive but highlights some of the most significant GK questions from 2013. For a more detailed study, refer to year-specific GK books, competition archives, and official exam syllabi.

GK Question and Answers 2013: A Comprehensive Guide to the Year's General Knowledge

Introduction

GK question and answers 2013 serve as a valuable resource for students, competitive exam aspirants, and trivia enthusiasts seeking to test and expand their general knowledge base. The year 2013 marked significant developments across various domains—politics, science, sports, awards, and world events—that are often reflected in GK questions. This article aims to delve into the notable questions and answers from 2013, providing readers with an in-depth understanding of the year's important facts, along with contextual insights to enhance learning and retention.

The Significance of GK Questions from 2013

Every year, general knowledge questions evolve based on current affairs, discoveries, and global happenings. The 2013 GK set is particularly interesting because it encapsulates pivotal moments that influenced the world and India alike. For aspirants, mastering these questions not only boosts exam scores but also enriches their awareness about recent history and ongoing global

developments.

Major Themes in GK Question and Answers 2013

The GK questions from 2013 broadly cover the following themes:

- Political and International Events
- Science and Technology
- Sports Achievements
- Awards and Honors
- Economics and Business
- Environment and Ecology
- Miscellaneous and Miscellaneous Trivia

Let's explore each of these themes in detail.

Political and International Events in 2013

Key Political Developments

2013 was marked by major political shifts and international diplomacy. Some of the notable questions include:

- Who was the Secretary-General of the United Nations in 2013?

Answer: Ban Ki-moon

- Which country experienced a significant political crisis leading to the resignation of its Prime Minister in 2013?

Answer: Italy (Prime Minister Silvio Berlusconi resigned, and Enrico Letta took charge)

- In 2013, which nation became the first African country to qualify for the FIFA World Cup?

Answer: Algeria

- Name the Indian politician who was elected as the President of India in 2012 and held office throughout 2013.

Answer: Pranab Mukherjee

Major International Events

- What was the name of the historic agreement signed between the U.S. and Afghanistan in 2013 regarding the future presence of U.S. troops?

Answer: The Bilateral Security Agreement (BSA)

- Which country hosted the 2013 ICC Champions Trophy in cricket?

Answer: England

Notable Political Figures

- Who was appointed as the new Prime Minister of Bangladesh in 2013?

Answer: Sheikh Hasina (re-elected in 2013)

Science and Technology Highlights of 2013

Breakthrough Discoveries and Innovations

2013 saw several scientific breakthroughs, often forming the basis of GK questions:

- Which planet was officially classified as a dwarf planet in 2013 by the International Astronomical Union?

Answer: Pluto

- What was the name of the first commercially available 3D printer launched in 2013?

Answer: The first commercial 3D printer was the MakerBot Replicator 2

- In 2013, which country launched the Mars Orbiter Mission?

Answer: India (ISRO launched Mars Orbiter Mission, Mangalyaan)

- Which technology giant announced the release of Windows 8.1 in 2013?

Answer: Microsoft

Scientific Milestones

- What significant discovery regarding the Higgs boson was announced in 2013?

Answer: Confirmation of the Higgs boson particle by CERN scientists

- Which gene-editing technology gained prominence in 2013?

Answer: CRISPR-Cas9

Sports Achievements in 2013

Sports frequently dominate GK questions, and 2013 was no exception:

- Who won the FIFA Ballon d'Or award in 2013?

Answer: Cristiano Ronaldo

- Which country won the ICC Champions Trophy 2013?

Answer: India

- Who became the first Indian to win a gold medal at the World Wrestling Championships in 2013?

Answer: Sushil Kumar

- Name the Indian cricket team captain in 2013 during the ICC Champions Trophy.

Answer: Mahendra Singh Dhoni

- Which athlete set a new world record in the men's 100 meters in 2013?

Answer: Usain Bolt (though he equaled his own record, he remained the fastest)

Awards and Honors of 2013

This section includes notable awards conferred in 2013:

- Who was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 2013?

Answer: Organisation for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons (OPCW)

- Who received the Bharat Ratna, India's highest civilian award, in 2013?

Answer: Atal Bihari Vajpayee (posthumously awarded in 2015, but discussions and recognitions related to his leadership were prominent in 2013)

- Which film won the Best Picture at the 85th Academy Awards in 2013?

Answer: "Argo"

- Who was awarded the Booker Prize in 2013?

Answer: Eleanor Catton for her novel The Luminaries

Economic and Business Developments in 2013

- Which country's economy was the fastest-growing among G20 nations in 2013?

Answer: China

- What major global company announced a significant acquisition or merger in 2013?

Answer: Facebook announced the acquisition of Instagram in 2012, but its impact was felt through 2013; additionally, in 2013, Apple announced the iPhone 5s and 5c launch.

- Which Indian company became the most valuable in market capitalization in 2013?

Answer: Reliance Industries

Environment and Ecology in 2013

- What major environmental event occurred along the Indian coast in 2013?

Answer: The massive cyclone Phailin struck the eastern coast of India

- Which animal was declared extinct in the wild in 2013?

Answer: The Western Black Rhinoceros (though the process was ongoing, the IUCN officially declared it extinct in 2013)

- What was the theme of Earth Day 2013?

Answer: "The Face of Climate Change"

Miscellaneous Trivia and Noteworthy Facts

- Which viral social media phenomenon gained popularity in 2013?

Answer: The "Harlem Shake" videos

- What was the name of the popular gaming console launched by Sony in 2013?

Answer: PlayStation 4

- Which iconic Indian space manned mission was announced but not launched in 2013?

Answer: The Indian Human Spaceflight Program, later named Gaganyaan, was in planning stages during 2013.

How to Use 2013 GK Questions for Competitive Exams

Understanding the pattern and types of questions from 2013 can greatly improve preparation strategies:

- Focus on current affairs around 2013, including political changes, international treaties, and scientific breakthroughs.
- Keep abreast of sports achievements and awards handed out during that year.
- Regularly revise world events and Indian history and polity to grasp the context behind questions.
- Practice with mock tests that incorporate GK questions from 2013 to improve speed and accuracy.

Conclusion

GK question and answers 2013 encapsulate a year of remarkable global and national milestones. From scientific discoveries to political upheavals, and from sporting triumphs to cultural accolades, the year offers a rich tapestry of knowledge. Aspiring learners and competitive exam candidates can leverage this information to build a strong foundation in general knowledge. As history often repeats itself or gets referenced, understanding the events of 2013 not only prepares you for exams but also enhances your awareness of recent global developments.

By delving into the questions and answers from 2013, enthusiasts can appreciate how the world evolved during that period and how those events continue to influence current affairs. Staying updated with such historical GK points ensures that you remain well-informed and ready for any quiz or exam that tests your breadth of knowledge.

Remember: Consistency is key. Regular revision of GK questions from past years like 2013 will strengthen your overall preparedness and boost confidence in any competitive scenario.

Question What was the major international event that took place in 2013? One of the major international events in 2013 was the election of Pope Francis as the 266th Pope of the Roman Catholic Church. Which country hosted the 2013 ICC Champions Trophy in cricket? England hosted the 2013 ICC Champions Trophy. Who was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 2013? The Nobel Peace Prize in 2013 was awarded to the Organisation for the Prohibition of Chemical

Weapons (OPCW). What significant technological advancement was made in 2013? In 2013, the Bitcoin cryptocurrency gained widespread attention and saw a significant rise in value. Which film won the Best Picture Oscar in 2013? The film 'Argo' won the Best Picture Oscar at the 85th Academy Awards in 2013. What was a major scientific discovery or achievement in 2013? NASA's Curiosity rover discovered evidence of ancient freshwater lakes on Mars in 2013. Which country became the first to approve a vaccine for Ebola in 2013? Sierra Leone became the first country to approve an Ebola vaccine in 2013. Who was the Prime Minister of India in 2013? Manmohan Singh was the Prime Minister of India in 2013.

Related keywords: general knowledge, quiz, trivia, current affairs, GK questions, GK answers, 2013 events, general awareness, competitive exams, quiz questions

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