

LLC ENGLISH FYUP SYLLABUS Textbook

Understanding the LLC English FYUP Syllabus: A Comprehensive Guide

llc english fyup syllabus has gained significant attention among students pursuing the Language, Literature, and Communication (LLC) course under the FYUP (Four Year Undergraduate Program). As universities shift towards more integrated and holistic curricula, understanding the structure, content, and evaluation criteria of the LLC English FYUP syllabus becomes crucial for students aiming to excel. This article provides an in-depth overview of the syllabus, its key components, and effective strategies to navigate and succeed in the course.

What is LLC English FYUP?

The LLC (Language, Literature, and Communication) English FYUP syllabus is part of the foundational first-year coursework designed to develop students' proficiency in English language skills, literary appreciation, and communication abilities. The FYUP (Four Year Undergraduate Program) structure emphasizes a comprehensive approach, integrating theoretical concepts with practical application.

The syllabus aims to foster critical thinking, analytical skills, and cultural awareness through diverse literary texts and language exercises. It prepares students for advanced coursework and enhances their overall communicative competence, which is essential across disciplines and professional fields.

Objectives of the LLC English FYUP Syllabus

Understanding the primary goals of the syllabus helps students align their efforts effectively. The main objectives include:

- Developing strong reading, writing, listening, and speaking skills in English.
- Introducing students to a wide range of literary genres, periods, and authors.
- Enhancing critical analysis and interpretation of texts.
- Building effective communication skills for academic and professional contexts.
- Encouraging appreciation of cultural diversity through literature.
- Fostering research, presentation, and discussion skills.

Structure of the LLC English FYUP Syllabus

The syllabus is typically divided into thematic modules, each focusing on different aspects of language and literature. While the exact content may vary across universities, the core structure generally includes the following components:

1. Language Skills Development

This module emphasizes foundational language competencies:

- Grammar and vocabulary exercises
- Listening comprehension activities
- Speaking practice and oral presentations
- Writing skills: essays, reports, and summaries

2. Literary Texts and Genres

Students explore diverse literary works:

- Poetry, drama, prose, and fiction
- Classical and modern literature
- Regional and global literary traditions

3. Thematic and Critical Studies

This section encourages analytical thinking:

- Themes such as identity, social justice, and human rights
- Literary criticism and theoretical approaches
- Textual analysis and interpretation

4. Communication and Soft Skills

Focuses on practical communication:

- Presentation skills
- Debate and discussion techniques
- Writing for academic and professional purposes

Detailed Breakdown of the Syllabus Content

To ensure clarity, here is a detailed overview of typical modules and topics:

Language Skills Module

- Grammar Revision: Tenses, sentence structure, parts of speech
- Vocabulary Building: Synonyms, antonyms, idioms, and phrases
- Listening and Speaking: Listening exercises, pronunciation drills, group discussions
- Writing Skills: Paragraph writing, essay composition, formal and informal letters

Literature Module

- Poetry: Analyzing poetic devices, themes, and poets like William Wordsworth, Emily Dickinson
- Drama: Study of plays such as Shakespeare's tragedies, modern dramas
- Fiction: Novels and short stories from authors like Charles Dickens, Jhumpa Lahiri
- Prose: Essays and articles, understanding tone and style

Thematic and Critical Modules

- Exploring themes like love, conflict, identity
- Introduction to literary theories: Formalism, Marxism, Feminism
- Comparative analysis of texts from different cultures

Communication Skills Module

- Public speaking exercises
- Writing for digital media
- Crafting resumes and cover letters
- Report writing and summarization

Assessment and Evaluation Criteria

Evaluation in the LLC English FYUP syllabus is designed to test both understanding and practical application. Common assessment methods include:

- Mid-term exams: Short answer questions, essay writing
- End-term exams: Comprehensive assessments covering all modules
- Class participation and presentations
- Assignments and projects
- Internal quizzes and viva voce

The grading criteria often emphasize clarity, coherence, critical insight, and originality.

Tips for Success in LLC English FYUP Syllabus

Success in this course requires strategic planning and active engagement. Here are some practical tips:

- **Consistent Reading:** Regularly read assigned texts and supplementary materials to enhance comprehension.
- **Active Participation:** Engage in discussions, debates, and presentations to build confidence.
- **Practice Writing:** Develop essays, summaries, and reports to improve clarity and coherence.
- **Use Resources:** Refer to literary criticism, online tutorials, and language labs.
- **Seek Feedback:** Regularly ask instructors for feedback and work on areas of improvement.
- **Time Management:** Plan studies ahead to balance reading, writing, and revision.

Conclusion: Embracing the LLC English FYUP Syllabus

Understanding the **llc english fyup syllabus** is essential for students aiming to excel in their first-year coursework and lay a strong foundation for future academic pursuits. The syllabus's holistic approach, integrating language proficiency with literary analysis and communication skills, prepares students for diverse challenges in higher education and beyond.

By familiarizing themselves with the detailed structure, content, and assessment methods, students can strategize effectively, utilize available resources, and develop a genuine appreciation for English literature and language. Embracing this syllabus not only enhances academic performance but also cultivates essential skills that are valuable in professional and personal contexts.

Whether you are a new student or a returning learner, a proactive approach to the LLC English FYUP syllabus will ensure a rewarding educational experience and set the stage for success in your academic journey.

LLC English FYUP Syllabus: An In-Depth Review and Analysis

The LLC English FYUP syllabus has garnered significant attention among students, educators, and

academic policymakers since its introduction. As universities strive to align curricula with global standards and holistic learning objectives, the FYUP (Four-Year Undergraduate Programme) framework has become a pivotal shift in Indian higher education. Central to this transition is the detailed structure of the English component within the LLC (Language, Literature, and Communication) curriculum. This article aims to provide a comprehensive investigation into the syllabus, its pedagogical foundations, content design, implementation challenges, and the broader implications for undergraduate education.

Understanding the LLC English FYUP Syllabus

The LLC English FYUP syllabus is designed to serve as a foundational course that enhances students' language proficiency, literary understanding, and communication skills. It is crafted to cater to a diverse student body, with varying levels of prior exposure to English language and literature.

Origins and Rationale

The syllabus emerged as part of the National Education Policy (NEP) 2020 and subsequent curriculum reforms aimed at fostering interdisciplinary learning, critical thinking, and language mastery. Its core objectives include:

- Developing effective communication skills across spoken and written modes.
- Introducing students to a broad spectrum of literary texts and genres.
- Promoting analytical and interpretive skills.
- Encouraging cultural awareness and sensitivity.

Structural Overview

The LLC English FYUP syllabus is structured around a multi-year progressive learning approach, typically spanning four years. It integrates language skills, literary studies, and communication modules, ensuring a balanced and comprehensive academic experience.

The key components include:

- Language proficiency exercises
- Literary texts from diverse periods and regions
- Communication and soft skills modules
- Writing and research methodologies
- Critical thinking and interpretive strategies

Curriculum Content and Pedagogical Approach

Year-wise Breakdown

While specific universities may tailor the syllabus, the general framework emphasizes a gradual increase in complexity and depth.

Year 1: Foundations of Language and Literature

- Basic grammar, vocabulary, and comprehension skills
- Introduction to literary genres: poetry, prose, and drama
- Focus on reading comprehension and vocabulary building
- Selected texts: Classic poems, short stories, and introductory plays

Year 2: Expanding Literary Horizons and Language Skills

- Intermediate grammar and writing skills
- Thematic studies: love, conflict, identity
- Exposure to world literature and multicultural texts
- Development of analytical essays and presentations

Year 3: Critical Engagement and Advanced Literary Analysis

- Study of literary movements (Romanticism, Modernism, Postcolonialism)
- Comparative literature modules
- Focus on research methods and academic writing
- Inclusion of contemporary literature and digital communication

Year 4: Integration, Research, and Application

- Specialized electives (e.g., Creative Writing, Media Studies)
- Capstone projects and thesis work
- Practical communication skills in professional contexts
- Preparation for post-graduate pursuits

Pedagogical Strategies

The syllabus emphasizes active learning through:

- Interactive seminars and discussions to foster critical engagement
- Project-based assessments to encourage applied skills
- Use of multimedia resources for diverse learning styles
- Collaborative group work to develop teamwork and interpersonal skills
- Assessments that include presentations, essays, open-book exams, and reflective journals

Assessment and Evaluation Methods

Assessment strategies in the LLC English FYUP syllabus are designed to evaluate a broad spectrum of skills aligned with the course objectives.

Types of Assessments

- Formative Assessments
 - Quizzes and comprehension tests
 - Classroom participation
 - Draft submissions for essays and projects
- Summative Assessments
 - End-term written exams
 - Research papers and extended essays
 - Oral presentations and debates
 - Peer assessments and self-reflections

Grading Criteria

Evaluation emphasizes:

- Clarity and coherence in communication
- Depth of literary analysis
- Creativity and originality

- Critical thinking and argumentation
- Language accuracy and stylistic finesse

Strengths and Innovations of the Syllabus

The LLC English FYUP syllabus reflects several progressive features:

- Holistic Skill Development: Integrates language, literature, and communication for comprehensive literacy.
- Inclusivity: Designed to cater to diverse student backgrounds, including non-traditional learners.
- Interdisciplinary Approach: Encourages linking literature with history, sociology, and media studies.
- Digital Literacy: Incorporates digital communication modules and multimedia tools.
- Focus on Critical Thinking: Promotes analytical reasoning, debate, and interpretive skills essential for modern careers.

Challenges and Criticisms

Despite its forward-looking design, the syllabus faces several hurdles:

Implementation Issues

- Resource Constraints: Lack of adequate teaching aids, libraries, and digital infrastructure.
- Faculty Training: Need for capacity building among educators unfamiliar with the new pedagogical approaches.
- Assessment Biases: Variability in evaluation standards across institutions.
- Student Readiness: Varying levels of prior exposure to English language and literature.

Content Concerns

- Curriculum Overload: Balancing breadth and depth without overwhelming students.
- Cultural Relevance: Ensuring texts are inclusive and representative of diverse cultures.
- Language Proficiency Gaps: Addressing students' differing linguistic backgrounds.

Broader Criticisms

- Some critics argue that the syllabus might dilute traditional literary studies in favor of

communication skills.

- Others express concern over reduced emphasis on classical texts, potentially impacting literary heritage appreciation.

Implications for Stakeholders

For Students

The syllabus aims to produce graduates who are articulate, analytical, and adaptable. However, students require adequate support and resources to maximize benefits.

For Educators

Teachers must adapt to new pedagogical models, often necessitating professional development and curriculum familiarization.

For Academic Institutions

Universities need to overhaul infrastructure, assessment frameworks, and faculty training programs to align with the syllabus's demands.

For Policymakers

The syllabus exemplifies the shift toward holistic education, emphasizing skills relevant for contemporary societal and economic needs. Continuous review and feedback mechanisms are essential for refining its effectiveness.

Conclusion: The Road Ahead for LLC English FYUP Syllabus

The LLC English FYUP syllabus represents a significant educational reform aimed at cultivating well-rounded, proficient communicators and critical thinkers. Its comprehensive structure and innovative pedagogical strategies hold promise for elevating undergraduate education to meet 21st-century demands. However, its success ultimately hinges on effective implementation, ongoing faculty development, resource allocation, and contextual adaptation.

As universities and stakeholders navigate the challenges, ongoing research, feedback, and iterative curriculum design will be essential. The syllabus's evolution will determine its role in shaping future-ready graduates capable of engaging with diverse literary, cultural, and professional landscapes. With sustained commitment and strategic enhancements, the LLC English FYUP syllabus can serve as a model for holistic language and literature education in India and beyond.

QuestionAnswer What topics are covered in the LLC English FYUP syllabus? The LLC English FYUP syllabus typically includes modules on contemporary literature, language skills, communication skills, literary analysis, and critical thinking, focusing on both prose and poetry from various periods. How can students effectively prepare for the LLC English FYUP exams? Students should focus on thorough reading of prescribed texts, practice writing essays and short answers, participate in discussions, and review previous question papers to understand exam patterns and frequently asked questions. Are there any recent updates or changes in the LLC English FYUP syllabus? Yes, universities periodically revise the syllabus to incorporate new literary works and update assessment criteria. It is recommended to consult the official university website or academic office for the latest syllabus version. What are the key skills emphasized in the LLC English FYUP syllabus? The syllabus emphasizes critical reading, analytical writing, effective communication, literary appreciation, and interpretative skills to help students develop a comprehensive understanding of texts. Where can I find the official LLC English FYUP syllabus? The official syllabus can be accessed through the university's official website, academic department portals, or by contacting the university's examination or curriculum office. How does the LLC English FYUP syllabus prepare students for future careers? The syllabus enhances language proficiency, analytical thinking, and communication skills, which are valuable in various fields such as teaching, writing, media, and corporate communication. Are there any recommended reference books for the LLC English FYUP syllabus? Yes, students are encouraged to refer to prescribed textbooks, supplementary literary anthologies, critical essays, and guides recommended by their professors to deepen their understanding of the syllabus content.

Related keywords: LLC English syllabus, FYUP English course, LLC FYUP curriculum, First Year English syllabus, LLC language program, FYUP English modules, LLC academic syllabus, FYUP communication skills, LLC English topics, FYUP literature coursework

an introduction to english language

An Introduction to English Language

The English language is one of the most widely spoken and influential languages in the world today. From global business and international diplomacy to entertainment and technology, English serves as a vital communication tool across countless domains. Understanding the roots, development, and characteristics of the English language is essential for learners, educators, linguists, and anyone interested in global communication. This comprehensive guide aims to provide an insightful introduction to the English language, exploring its history, structure, global significance, and future trends.

Historical Background of the English Language

The Origins of English

English is a Germanic language that originated in early medieval England. Its roots can be traced back to the Anglo-Saxon tribes—Angles, Saxons, and Jutes—that migrated to the British Isles around the 5th century AD. The language spoken by these tribes formed the basis of Old English.

The Evolution Through Ages

The history of English is marked by several distinct periods:

- **Old English (c. 450–1150 AD):** Characterized by Germanic roots, Old English was heavily influenced by Norse invaders and Latin church influence.
- **Middle English (c. 1150–1500 AD):** Marked by Norman conquest in 1066, which introduced Norman French vocabulary and grammar influences.
- **Early Modern English (c. 1500–1700 AD):** The Renaissance brought a revival of classical learning, expanding vocabulary and standardizing spelling and grammar.
- **Modern English (1700 AD to present):** The language continued to evolve with colonial expansion, technological advances, and globalization, leading to the diverse forms of English spoken today.

The Role of Literary and Cultural Influences

English literature, from Geoffrey Chaucer's *Canterbury Tales* to William Shakespeare's plays and modern authors like J.K. Rowling, has significantly shaped the language's development. Cultural exchanges through colonization, trade, and diplomacy have also contributed to the vocabulary and idiomatic expressions in English.

The Structure and Features of the English Language

Phonology and Pronunciation

English phonology includes a wide range of vowel and consonant sounds. The pronunciation varies significantly across different regions and accents, which adds to the language's richness but also presents challenges for learners.

Vocabulary and Lexicon

English boasts one of the largest vocabularies among languages, with estimates ranging from

150,000 to over a million words, considering technical and scientific terms. This extensive lexicon is a result of:

- Borrowings from Latin, French, Greek, and other languages
- Coining of new terms during technological and scientific advancements
- Slang and colloquialisms evolving over time

Grammar and Syntax

English grammar is characterized by:

- Relatively simple verb conjugation compared to other languages
- Use of auxiliary verbs for tense and aspect (e.g., be, have, do)
- Flexible word order, with Subject-Verb-Object being standard
- Extensive use of prepositions and articles

Writing System

English uses the Latin alphabet, consisting of 26 letters. Its orthography (spelling system) can be complex due to historical spelling conventions, silent letters, and irregular pronunciation rules.

The Global Significance of the English Language

English as a Global Lingua Franca

Today, English is regarded as the world's primary lingua franca—an auxiliary language used for international communication. It is the official or working language in over 50 countries and widely used in international organizations like the United Nations and the International Olympic Committee.

English in Business and Commerce

English dominates international business, finance, and trade. Many multinational corporations operate primarily in English, and proficiency is often a prerequisite for global career opportunities.

English in Science, Technology, and Education

A significant portion of scientific research, technological development, and academic publications are in English. Universities worldwide offer courses in English to attract international students.

English in Media and Entertainment

English-language media, including movies, music, television, and literature, have a global reach. Hollywood films, English pop music, and online streaming platforms have popularized the language worldwide.

English on the Internet and Social Media

English is the dominant language on the internet, accounting for a large percentage of online content. Social media platforms facilitate global interaction primarily in English, further fostering its universal status.

Learning and Teaching the English Language

Why Learn English?

Learning English offers numerous benefits:

- Access to a vast amount of information and educational resources
- Enhanced employability and career prospects
- Ability to communicate with people worldwide
- Participation in global culture and entertainment

Methods of Learning English

Effective approaches include:

- Classroom instruction with trained teachers
- Online courses and language learning apps
- Immersive experiences through travel and cultural exchange
- Practice with native speakers or language exchange partners

Challenges in Learning English

Some common difficulties faced by learners are:

- Complex spelling and pronunciation rules
- Irregular verb forms

- Idiomatic expressions and phrasal verbs
- Regional accents and dialects

The Future of the English Language

Emerging Trends

English continues to evolve with technological innovations:

- Increased influence of digital communication and social media
- Emergence of new slang and internet vernacular
- Globalization leading to more diverse accents and dialects
- Integration of loanwords from other languages due to cultural exchange

Potential Challenges

As the language grows, there are concerns about:

- Language homogenization potentially overshadowing regional dialects
- Loss of linguistic diversity
- Difficulty in maintaining standardization across different regions

Conclusion

The English language remains a dynamic and influential means of communication. Its rich history, extensive vocabulary, and widespread use make it an invaluable global asset. Whether for personal growth, academic pursuits, or professional development, learning English opens doors to countless opportunities. As the world continues to embrace globalization and technological innovation, the role of English is poised to expand further, shaping the future of international communication.

Keywords for SEO Optimization:

- Introduction to English language
- History of English
- English language structure
- Global importance of English
- Learn English online
- English language development

- English as a lingua franca
- Benefits of learning English
- Future of the English language
- English language learning tips

Introduction to the English Language: A Comprehensive Overview

The English language, often regarded as the global lingua franca, has a rich history, complex structure, and widespread influence that permeates nearly every corner of the world. As one of the most widely spoken and studied languages today, understanding its fundamentals offers invaluable insights into its role in communication, culture, and international relations. This detailed exploration delves into the origins, evolution, grammatical features, vocabulary, phonetics, and the significance of English in contemporary society.

Historical Background of the English Language

Origins and Early Development

The roots of English trace back over 1,400 years to the Germanic tribes—namely the Angles, Saxons, and Jutes—who migrated to the British Isles around the 5th century AD. These tribes brought with them their languages, which gradually coalesced into what we now call Old English.

Key points about early English:

- Old English (circa 450–1150 AD): Characterized by a complex system of inflections, a vocabulary heavily influenced by Latin and Norse, and a rich oral tradition including epic poetry like *Beowulf*.
- Influence of Latin and Norse: Latin arrived through Christian missionaries, while Norse influence increased due to Viking invasions, shaping vocabulary and syntax.

Middle English and the Norman Conquest

The Norman Conquest of 1066 marked a pivotal turning point:

- Norman French influence: The ruling class spoke Norman French, which heavily influenced the vocabulary, especially in law, governance, art, and cuisine.
- Language features: Middle English (circa 1150–1500) saw simplification of inflectional endings and an expansion of vocabulary.

Early Modern English and the Renaissance

From the late 15th to the early 17th century:

- The Renaissance: Brought a revival of classical learning and an influx of Latin and Greek words.
- The printing press: Invented by Johannes Gutenberg, it standardized spelling and grammar, making literature more accessible.
- Notable figures: William Shakespeare and the King James Bible significantly shaped the language.

Modern English and Global Spread

Since the 17th century:

- Colonial expansion: British colonization spread English worldwide.
- Industrial Revolution: Facilitated international trade and communication.
- Contemporary English: Continues to evolve with influences from numerous languages and cultures, especially in the digital age.

Structural Aspects of the English Language

Phonetics and Pronunciation

English phonetics is known for its complexity and variability:

- Consonant and vowel sounds: The language features approximately 24 consonant sounds and around 20 vowel sounds, with many variations.
- Spelling and pronunciation discrepancies: Due to historical influences, English spelling often does not align directly with pronunciation (e.g., *though* vs. *through*).

Grammar and Syntax

English grammar, while relatively straightforward compared to some languages, has distinctive features:

- Parts of speech: Nouns, verbs, adjectives, adverbs, pronouns, prepositions, conjunctions, and interjections.

- Sentence structure: Typically follows a Subject-Verb-Object (SVO) order.
- Tenses: Present, past, future, along with perfect and progressive aspects.
- Agreement: Subject-verb agreement in number and person.
- Modifiers: Use of adjectives and adverbs to add detail.

Vocabulary and Lexicon

English boasts an extensive vocabulary, estimated at over a million words:

- Loanwords: Borrowed extensively from Latin, French, Greek, German, and many other languages.
- Synonyms and antonyms: Rich variety of words with nuanced differences, offering precision and expressiveness.
- Neologisms: Continual creation of new words, especially in technology and popular culture.

Unique Features of the English Language

Orthography and Spelling

English spelling can be irregular due to its diverse origins:

- Historical influences: Words retain spellings from older forms or borrowed languages.
- Examples: Knight, psychology, colonel.
- Spelling reforms: There have been proposals but no widespread standardization.

Idioms and Phrasal Verbs

Idiomatic expressions and phrasal verbs are integral:

- Idioms: Phrases whose meanings are not deducible from individual words (e.g., kick the bucket).
- Phrasal verbs: Verb + particle combinations with idiomatic meanings (e.g., look up, give in).

Varieties and Dialects

English manifests in numerous dialects:

- British English: Variations like Cockney, Received Pronunciation.
- American English: Distinct vocabulary and pronunciation.
- Other varieties: Australian, Canadian, Indian English, each with unique features.

The Role of English in the Modern World

Global Lingua Franca

English is the primary language of:

- International diplomacy
- Business and commerce
- Science and technology
- Entertainment and media

English in Education and Research

- Most scientific journals publish in English.
- Universities worldwide offer courses in English.
- English proficiency is often a requirement for international careers.

The Digital Age and English

- Dominance in internet content, social media, and digital communication.
- Emergence of digital slang, memes, and abbreviations, influencing language evolution.

Cultural Impact

- English-language music, films, and literature shape global pop culture.
- Cultural exchange and understanding facilitated through shared language.

Learning and Teaching English

Methods and Approaches

- Traditional grammar-translation

- Communicative language teaching
- Immersive and bilingual approaches
- Use of technology and online platforms

Challenges for Learners

- Irregular spelling and pronunciation
- Idiomatic expressions
- Extensive vocabulary
- Variations in dialects and accents

Resources and Tools

- Language apps (Duolingo, Babbel)
- Online courses and tutorials
- Media and literature in English
- Language exchange programs

Conclusion

The English language remains a dynamic, influential, and complex means of communication. Its history reflects centuries of cultural exchange and adaptation, shaping a language that is both diverse and adaptable. For learners, educators, and global citizens alike, understanding English's structure, history, and role in society unlocks numerous opportunities for connection, learning, and cultural appreciation. As it continues to evolve in the digital age, English's significance is poised to grow, cementing its status as a cornerstone of international communication.

In summary, mastering the English language provides access to a vast repository of knowledge, culture, and opportunities. Its rich history and widespread use make it a fascinating subject of study and an essential skill in today's interconnected world. Whether for academic pursuits, professional advancement, or cultural engagement, an introduction to English opens the door to endless possibilities.

Question What are the key features that define the English language? English is a West Germanic language characterized by a rich vocabulary, extensive use of loanwords, and a flexible grammar system. It is known for its adaptability, widespread global use, and its role as a lingua franca in international communication. How did the English language develop over time? English evolved from the Anglo-Saxon languages brought to Britain by Germanic tribes around the 5th century. It was later influenced by Norman French, Latin, and other languages, leading to the

Modern English we use today. This development spans Old English, Middle English, and Modern English periods. Why is English considered a global language? English is considered a global language because it is the primary or secondary language in many countries, used extensively in international business, science, technology, entertainment, and diplomacy, making it a key tool for global communication. What are the main components of learning the English language? Learning English involves mastering four main components: reading, writing, listening, and speaking. Additionally, understanding grammar, vocabulary, pronunciation, and cultural context are essential for effective communication. How has the internet influenced the spread and evolution of the English language? The internet has accelerated the global spread of English, introduced new slang, abbreviations, and digital communication styles, and facilitated intercultural exchange, thereby continuously shaping and evolving the language in real-time.

Related keywords: English language, language learning, linguistics, grammar, vocabulary, pronunciation, syntax, phonetics, language skills, language history

Read the full article online: [AN INTRODUCTION TO ENGLISH LANGUAGE](#)