

EVENTING DRESSAGE TEST PRELIMINARY P1 Complete Guide

Eventing dressage test Preliminary P1 is a fundamental phase in the equestrian sport of eventing, designed to assess a rider's ability to demonstrate control, precision, and harmony with their horse. As a crucial part of the three-phase competition, understanding the structure, requirements, and strategies for excelling in the Preliminary P1 test can significantly impact a rider's overall performance and progression toward higher levels. This comprehensive guide aims to offer valuable insights into the eventing dressage test Preliminary P1, covering its rules, key elements, scoring system, and tips for success.

Understanding the Eventing Dressage Test Preliminary P1

What is the Preliminary P1 Dressage Test?

The Preliminary P1 dressage test is a standardized routine performed by horse and rider to showcase their partnership and obedience. It is designed to evaluate fundamental dressage movements at the introductory level of eventing, serving as a foundation for higher-level tests.

This test includes a series of movements that emphasize straightness, impulsion, balance, and responsiveness. It is often the first exposure many riders have to formal dressage competition within the eventing discipline, making it essential to master these basic skills early in their riding career.

Key Objectives of the Test

- Demonstrate correct horse and rider positioning
- Execute movements with clarity and precision
- Maintain consistent rhythm and tempo
- Show suppleness, relaxation, and responsiveness
- Achieve harmony between horse and rider

Structure and Components of Preliminary P1

Test Format

The Preliminary P1 test typically lasts around 4 to 6 minutes and is performed on a standard dressage arena measuring 20m x 40m. The test is divided into specific movements that are

performed in a predetermined sequence.

The test includes, but is not limited to:

- Walk, Trot, and Canter work
- Circles and figures of eight
- Transitions between gaits
- Simple movements like serpentines and serpentines
- Basic lateral movements such as leg-yields and shoulder-ins

Sample Movements Included

- Working walk and free walk
- Transitions within and between gaits
- Voltes and circles (typically 10m or 15m diameter)
- Serpentines and changes of rein
- Simple lateral movements such as shoulder-in and leg-yield
- Transitions to walk, trot, and canter
- Halt at the end of the test with salute

Scoring and Judging Criteria

How the Test is Scored

Judges evaluate each movement based on specific criteria, awarding marks on a scale typically from 0 to 10:

- 10: Excellent execution
- 9: Very good
- 8: Good
- 7: Satisfactory
- 6: Adequate
- 5: Sufficient but with noticeable flaws
- 4 or below: Poor execution

The total score is the sum of individual movement scores, with deductions applied for errors such as incorrect execution, irregular paces, or lack of straightness.

Key Scoring Aspects

- Accuracy: Performing movements at the correct points and following the prescribed sequence
- Impulsion: Maintaining energy and rhythm within each gait
- Straightness: Ensuring the horse moves straight along straight lines and through turns
- Balance and Suppleness: Demonstrating flexibility and control
- Transitions: Smoothly shifting between gaits and within gaits
- Harmony: The rider's cues should be subtle, and the horse's responses should be prompt

Strategies for Success in Preliminary P1

Preparation and Training

To succeed in the Preliminary P1 test, consistent preparation is vital. Focus on:

- Developing a solid foundation in basic dressage movements
- Practicing transitions and figures regularly
- Ensuring your horse is relaxed and willing to work
- Building confidence in executing the test movements

Understanding the Test Pattern

- Study the test thoroughly before competition
- Visualize each movement and transition
- Practice the test pattern multiple times to develop muscle memory
- Work with a trainer or coach to identify areas needing improvement

Practical Tips During Competition

- Arrive early to warm up thoroughly
- Maintain a calm and focused demeanor
- Keep your aids subtle and consistent
- Stay attentive to the judge's instructions
- Practice good arena etiquette and positioning

Common Mistakes to Avoid

- Rushing through transitions or movements
- Losing rhythm or balance
- Failing to perform movements at the correct points
- Overusing aids, leading to stiffness
- Forgetting to perform a movement or executing it inaccurately
- Not maintaining straightness on straight lines and turns

Advancing Beyond Preliminary P1

Successfully completing the Preliminary P1 test lays the groundwork for progressing to the Intermediate and Advanced levels of eventing dressage. As riders advance, the complexity and precision of movements increase, but mastery of the Preliminary P1 is essential for building confidence and technique.

Progression Tips

- Focus on consistency and refinement of basic skills
- Introduce more complex lateral movements gradually
- Increase your understanding of horse biomechanics
- Attend clinics and workshops to enhance your skills
- Practice regularly to build muscle memory and confidence

Conclusion

The eventing dressage test Preliminary P1 is more than just a phase in competition; it is a vital learning experience that develops a rider's skillset and deepens their understanding of horse training. By mastering the test's movements, scoring criteria, and strategic execution, riders can demonstrate their competence and pave the way for success at higher levels of eventing. Remember, consistent practice, attention to detail, and a harmonious partnership with your horse are the keys to excelling in Preliminary P1 and beyond.

Eventing Dressage Test Preliminary P1: A Comprehensive Guide for Riders and Enthusiasts

Embarking on the journey of eventing dressage can be both exciting and challenging, especially when preparing for the Preliminary P1 test. This test serves as a foundational stepping stone for riders aiming to build a solid dressage routine that emphasizes accuracy, harmony, and fluidity. Whether you're a seasoned competitor or a newcomer to the sport, understanding the nuances of eventing dressage test Preliminary P1 is essential for optimal performance and confidence in the arena. In this guide, we'll delve into the key elements of the test, provide practical tips for success, and explore how to approach each component with purpose and precision.

Understanding the Eventing Dressage Test Preliminary P1

Before diving into the specifics, it's vital to grasp what Preliminary P1 entails within the broader scope of eventing dressage. This test is designed to assess a horse and rider's basic suppleness, rhythm, obedience, and harmony. It's typically the first formal dressage test riders encounter in eventing competitions, making it an excellent opportunity to demonstrate fundamental skills.

The Purpose and Goals of Preliminary P1

- Establishing a solid foundation: The test emphasizes correct geometry, transitions, and basic movements.
- Demonstrating control and responsiveness: Riders should show clear communication with their horse.
- Preparing for higher levels: Success in Preliminary P1 paves the way for more advanced tests by reinforcing fundamental principles.

Basic Structure of the Test

- The test generally lasts around 4-6 minutes.
- It involves a series of movements performed within a designated arena (usually 20x40 meters).
- Movements include circles, diagonals, transitions, and basic figures like serpentines and turns.

Detailed Breakdown of the Preliminary P1 Test

Understanding the specific movements and their purpose allows riders to practice effectively and perform confidently.

Common Movements Included

- Entry and Halt
- Circle at A or C
- Serpentine or Figures of Eight
- Transitions (Walk to Trot, Trot to Walk, Halt to Walk, etc.)
- Straight Lines along the Arena
- Transverse and Longitudinal Transitions
- Rein Back (if included)
- Final Halt and Salute

Each movement has specific requirements regarding accuracy, gait, and execution.

Movement Details and Tips

Entry and Halt

- Aim for a calm, controlled entry.
- Halt should be square, with the horse's weight evenly distributed.
- Maintain a steady position and eye contact with judges.

Circles and Figures of Eight

- Use consistent size and shape.
- Maintain the same rhythm and bend.
- Focus on smooth transitions into and out of circles.

Transitions

- Clear, decisive, and executed at the appropriate gait.
- Reinforce the importance of responsiveness and soft aids.

Straight Lines and Diagonals

- Keep the horse straight and on the aids.
- Use visual cues like the arena markings for guidance.

Practical Tips for Preparing for Preliminary P1

Preparation is key to success in dressage, especially at the preliminary level where foundational skills are scrutinized.

Training Strategies

- Practice in a consistent routine: Regular sessions focusing on transitions, circles, and straight lines.
- Work on rhythm and tempo: Ensuring the horse maintains a steady gait.

- Develop suppleness: Incorporate lateral work and bending exercises.
- Refine transitions: Make them smooth, prompt, and accurate.
- Simulate test conditions: Practice the entire test to build familiarity and confidence.

Horse and Rider Conditioning

- Physical fitness: Both horse and rider should be fit enough to perform sustained movements.
- Mental focus: Build the horse's confidence through positive reinforcement.
- Proper tack and attire: Ensure everything fits well and adheres to competition standards.

Common Mistakes and How to Avoid Them

Even experienced riders can fall into pitfalls when preparing or performing the Preliminary P1 test. Recognizing these common mistakes helps in developing targeted solutions.

Typical Errors

- Loss of straightness: Horses drift or bend improperly.
- Inconsistent gaits: Variations in rhythm disrupt the flow.
- Poor transitions: Hesitation or abrupt changes reduce fluidity.
- Incorrect positioning: Not maintaining correct arena alignment.
- Over- or under-bending: Excessive or insufficient flexion.

Prevention Tips

- Use ground poles and markers to improve straightness.
- Practice transitions frequently with half-halts to promote responsiveness.
- Break down complex movements into smaller parts before combining.
- Seek feedback from trainers or video recordings to identify issues.

Judging Criteria and How to Maximize Your Score

Understanding what judges are looking for can significantly influence how you prepare and perform.

Key Judging Aspects

- Gaits: Clarity, rhythm, and consistency.

- Impulsion: Forward energy and engagement.
- Connection: Light yet steady contact.
- Accuracy: Correctness of figures and transitions.
- Harmony: Coordination between horse and rider.
- Presence and Attitude: Confidence and focus.

Tips for Maximizing Your Score

- Prioritize precision over speed.
- Maintain positive, calm energy throughout the test.
- Keep your aids subtle but effective.
- Practice mental visualization of your test to build confidence.
- Arrive well-prepared with a clear plan for each movement.

The Day of the Competition

On competition day, approach your performance with calmness and readiness.

Pre-Test Routine

- Warm up thoroughly, focusing on the movements in your test.
- Check your tack and attire.
- Mentally review the test pattern.
- Stay relaxed and confident.

During the Test

- Focus on your breathing and stay present.
- Use your aids consistently and softly.
- Keep your eyes up and look towards your next movement.
- Maintain a positive attitude, regardless of minor errors.

Conclusion: Preparing for Success in Preliminary P1

Mastering the eventing dressage test Preliminary P1 requires dedicated practice, a solid understanding of fundamental movements, and a calm, focused mindset. By breaking down each element, practicing diligently, and understanding what judges evaluate, riders can optimize their performance and lay a strong foundation for future progression in eventing. Remember, success in

dressage is not just about perfect execution but also about creating a partnership with your horse that embodies harmony, confidence, and joy in the sport.

Whether you're aiming to score well or simply improve your skills, approaching Preliminary P1 with preparation and passion will set you on the right path. Happy riding!

Question What are the key elements tested in the Eventing Dressage Test Preliminary P1? The Preliminary P1 test assesses basic flatwork skills including transitions, circles, and straight lines, focusing on rhythm, balance, and suppleness of the horse, as well as the rider's control and position. How can I best prepare for the Preliminary P1 dressage test in eventing? Practice fundamental movements such as transitions, circles, and straight lines, maintain consistent rhythm, and work on developing a harmonious partnership with your horse. Attending training clinics and seeking feedback from qualified judges can also be beneficial. What are common mistakes to avoid in the Preliminary P1 dressage test? Common mistakes include inconsistent rhythm, poor transitions, overbending or underbending, lack of straightness, and not maintaining correct rider position. Ensuring clarity in movements and smooth execution is key. How is scoring typically done for the Preliminary P1 dressage test? Scoring is based on a numerical mark out of 10 for each movement, considering submission, impulsion, and accuracy. Judges also assign collective marks for overall impression, which contribute to the total score and placement. Are there specific dress code requirements for the Preliminary P1 dressage test? Yes, riders are generally required to wear a standard competition attire, including a riding jacket, breeches, tall boots, and a helmet or top hat, depending on the governing body's rules. Horses should be properly groomed and have clean tack. What level of horse training is expected for the Preliminary P1 dressage test? The horse should be trained to perform basic movements with suppleness, rhythm, and obedience. Basic transitions, circles, and simple lateral movements should be reliably executed, demonstrating readiness for more advanced training. How important is rider position and aids during the Preliminary P1 test? Rider position and aids are crucial for clear communication and control. A balanced seat, steady hands, and effective use of aids help the horse perform movements accurately and maintain submission. Can beginners participate in the Preliminary P1 dressage test in eventing? Yes, the Preliminary P1 is designed as an introductory level, making it suitable for beginners and riders new to dressage in eventing. It provides a foundation for higher-level tests. Where can I find resources or videos to learn the Preliminary P1 dressage test? You can find official test sheets and demonstration videos on your national eventing or dressage federation websites, such as USEA or BD. Additionally, riding clinics and online platforms often offer tutorials and practice tips.

Related keywords: eventing dressage, dressage test, Preliminary P1, eventing dressage test, dressage skills, equestrian competition, dressage scoring, dressage training, eventing dressage test rules, dressage test movements

Dressage tests novice 27

Dressage Tests Novice 27: A Comprehensive Guide to Mastering This Essential Equestrian Test

If you're an aspiring dressage rider or a horse enthusiast looking to advance your skills, understanding the intricacies of the Dressage Tests Novice 27 is essential. This particular test is a key stepping stone for riders competing at the novice level, helping develop fundamental skills in precision, harmony, and control. In this article, we'll explore everything you need to know about Dressage Tests Novice 27, including its structure, scoring, tips for success, and how to prepare effectively.

Understanding Dressage Tests Novice 27

What is Dressage Tests Novice 27?

Dressage Tests Novice 27 is a standardized dressage test used in competitions designed for novice-level riders and their horses. The test is recognized by various dressage organizations and often serves as a qualifying or progression test for riders moving beyond introductory levels. The number "27" typically indicates the specific test number within a series, often associated with a particular governing body or competition level.

This test emphasizes fundamental movements such as circles, transitions, and simple lateral work, all performed at a walk and trot. The goal is to demonstrate the horse's responsiveness, balance, and the rider's ability to execute movements with precision and harmony.

Key Objectives of the Test

- Develop a harmonious partnership between horse and rider.
- Demonstrate control and flexibility through basic movements.
- Improve accuracy and rhythm.
- Assess the horse's obedience and suppleness.
- Provide a foundation for higher-level dressage tests.

Structure of Dressage Tests Novice 27

Test Layout and Movements

Dressage Tests Novice 27 generally follow a set pattern around a marked arena, measuring 20m x 60m or 20m x 40m depending on the competition rules. The test includes a series of predefined

movements that the rider and horse execute in sequence.

Typical movements include:

- Entering at A and Halt, Salute
- Walk on a long rein
- Transition to trot
- Working trot circles (e.g., 10m or 15m diameter)
- Simple lateral movements like leg yield or shoulder-in
- Transitions between walk and trot
- Serpentine or figure-eight patterns
- Exit at the final marker, finishing with a salute

Note that the exact sequence and movements may vary slightly depending on the governing body or specific test version.

Timing and Scoring

- The entire test typically lasts between 4-6 minutes.
- Judges score each movement on a scale from 0 (poor) to 10 (excellent).
- Penalties are given for errors such as over- or under-rotation, incorrect transitions, or deviations from the pattern.
- The final score is an accumulated total, with the highest possible score being 200 points in many formats.

Preparing for Dressage Tests Novice 27

Training Tips

To excel in Dressage Tests Novice 27, consistent practice and strategic preparation are vital:

- **Master the Basics:** Ensure your horse responds well to transitions and movements at the walk and trot.
- **Practice Specific Movements:** Focus on circles, transitions, and lateral work that are featured in the test.
- **Use a Mirror or Video:** Analyze your performance to identify areas for improvement.
- **Work with a Qualified Coach:** Get professional feedback to refine your technique.
- **Simulate the Test:** Run through the entire pattern multiple times to build confidence and

consistency.

Challenges to Anticipate

- Maintaining rhythm and balance throughout the test.
- Executing accurate transitions without hesitation.
- Keeping the horse relaxed and responsive under pressure.
- Navigating tight circles and lateral movements smoothly.

Scoring and Improving Your Performance

Understanding Judge Feedback

Judges provide valuable insights through scores and comments that highlight strengths and areas needing improvement. Pay attention to:

- Overall impression
- Gaits and impulsion
- Transitions
- Accuracy of movements
- Posture and effectiveness of the rider

Strategies for Higher Scores

- Focus on the quality of gaits, aiming for smoothness and cadence.
- Maintain consistent rhythm and tempo.
- Use subtle aids to communicate clearly with your horse.
- Practice transitions until they are seamless.
- Keep your posture upright but relaxed, and stay calm.

Key Equipment and Arena Setup

Essential Tack and Attire

- Well-fitted bridle and saddle appropriate for the horse.
- Clean, comfortable riding attire adhering to competition standards.
- Number bib for identification.

- Spurs or whips only if permitted.

Arena Preparation

- Ensure the arena surface is suitable for safe riding.
- Mark the points (A, B, C, D, E, F, K, M, and H) clearly.
- Place cones or markers for specific movements if required.

Additional Resources and Support

- Official Dressage Test Sheets: Obtain copies of the specific Novice 27 test for practice.
- Video Tutorials: Many online platforms offer walkthroughs of the test.
- Dressage Clinics: Attend clinics to receive professional critique.
- Dressage Forums and Communities: Connect with fellow riders for tips and encouragement.

Conclusion

Mastering Dressage Tests Novice 27 is a rewarding journey that lays a solid foundation for progressing in the sport of dressage. By understanding the test's structure, practicing diligently, and focusing on harmony with your horse, you'll develop the skills necessary to perform confidently and earn high marks. Remember, patience and consistency are key?every ride brings you closer to achieving your dressage goals. Whether you're competing locally or aiming for higher levels, a thorough preparation for Novice 27 will serve you well in your equestrian journey.

Dressage Tests Novice 27: A Comprehensive Guide to Mastering the Basics and Excelling in Your First Competitive Test

Embarking on your dressage journey often begins with understanding the intricacies of your test. For riders preparing for the Dressage Tests Novice 27, this particular test offers an excellent opportunity to demonstrate fundamental riding skills, communication with your horse, and your ability to perform a series of precise movements. Whether you're a newcomer eager to make a good impression or a seasoned rider refining your foundation, mastering the Dressage Tests Novice 27 is a crucial step toward progressing in dressage. In this comprehensive guide, we'll break down every aspect of the test, offering insights, tips, and detailed analysis to help you perform confidently and correctly.

What is the Dressage Tests Novice 27?

The Dressage Tests Novice 27 is a standardized dressage test often used at introductory levels in competitions. It is designed to assess a rider's ability to execute basic dressage movements with

correctness, rhythm, and harmony. This test provides a balanced mix of fundamental exercises that serve as building blocks for more advanced dressage.

Key characteristics of the Novice 27 test include:

- Emphasis on walk and trot work
- Basic transitions between paces
- Straightness and bend
- Accurate circles and figures
- Proper positioning and aids

Knowing what to expect from the test helps riders prepare mentally and physically, ensuring they can focus on executing each movement with precision.

Understanding the Test Structure

The Basic Layout

The Novice 27 test is typically performed over a marked arena, often 20x40 meters or 20x60 meters, depending on the level and competition guidelines. The test comprises a series of movements and transitions, each performed at specified points in the arena.

Typical Movements Included

- Halt and salute
- Walk and trot work in straight lines
- Simple and volte circles
- Transitions within and between paces
- Changes of rein
- Basic figures such as serpentines and diagonals

Timing and Scoring

Each movement is scored on a scale of 0-10, with deductions for errors such as loss of balance, incorrect transitions, or poor positioning. The overall score reflects the rider's harmony, accuracy, and effectiveness of communication with the horse.

Step-by-Step Breakdown of the Novice 27 Test

- Starting the Test: Halt and Salute

- Positioning: Approach the arena at a walk, halt smoothly at the designated point, and salute the judge confidently.

- Tips: Maintain a straight line, keep your horse steady, and ensure your posture signals readiness.

- Walk on a Long Rein

- Transition smoothly into a walk, maintaining a steady rhythm.

- Keep your hands low and steady, allowing your horse to stretch forward comfortably.

- Basic Walk and Trot Transitions

- Perform controlled transitions between walk and trot at designated points.

- Focus on clarity and promptness, avoiding rushing or dragging.

- Circles and Figures

- Execute circles of specified diameters (commonly 10-15 meters) with accuracy.

- Maintain consistent bend and rhythm throughout.

- Diagonals and Straight Lines

- Ride straight diagonals and straight sections of the arena with precision.

- Keep your horse straight and attentive.

- Changes of Rein and Figures

- Perform simple changes of rein at designated points.

- Maintain balance and bend throughout.
- Final Transitions and Halt
- Conclude with a smooth transition back to walk, then halt at the designated point.
- Salute the judge confidently to finish.

Critical Elements to Focus On

A. Accuracy

- Precise execution of figures, circles, and transitions.
- Following the arena markers and planned route.

B. Rhythm and Pace

- Consistent tempo in walk and trot.
- Smooth transitions without hesitation or rushing.

C. Impulsion and Connection

- Maintaining energy without tension.
- Light contact with steady, elastic aids.

D. Position and Aids

- Correct riding position: upright, relaxed, and balanced.
- Clear, gentle aids communicated effectively.

E. Horse's Gait and Behavior

- Relaxed, attentive, and responsive horse.
- Maintaining rhythm and straightness.

Common Mistakes to Avoid

- Incorrect Transitions: Rushing or delaying transitions can lead to score deductions.
- Loss of Straightness: Deviating from the line reduces precision.
- Poor Circles: Unequal or misshapen circles show lack of control.
- Over/Under bending: Bending too much or too little affects balance.
- Uneven Gaits: Rushing or slowing down disrupts rhythm.
- Rushing the Test: Keeping calm and composed is essential.

Tips for Success

Practice Regularly

- Rehearse the test movements in parts before combining them.
- Use video recordings to analyze your riding.

Focus on Fundamentals

- Prioritize correct basic riding skills over complex movements.
- Ensure your horse is comfortable and responsive.

Mock Tests

- Conduct simulated competitions to build confidence.
- Practice under similar conditions to the actual event.

Work on Transitions

- Smooth, controlled transitions are key to scoring well.
- Practice transitions at home and in lessons.

Seek Expert Advice

- Work with a dressage instructor to refine your technique.
- Get feedback on your position, aids, and timing.

Additional Resources

- Official Dressage Test Sheets: Review the actual test pattern to familiarize yourself.
- Video Demonstrations: Watch professional riders perform the Novice 27 test.
- Dressage Clinics: Participate in clinics focusing on fundamental movements.
- Books and Guides: Invest in dressage manuals that explain basic principles.

Final Thoughts

Mastering the Dressage Tests Novice 27 is an essential milestone for any aspiring dressage rider. It encapsulates core principles of good riding—accuracy, harmony, and confidence—and lays the groundwork for more advanced work in the future. By breaking down the test into manageable parts, practicing diligently, and maintaining a calm, focused mindset, riders can approach their test with assurance and perform at their best.

Remember, every test is an opportunity to learn and improve. Celebrate your progress, analyze your performance objectively, and enjoy the journey of developing a deeper connection with your horse through dressage. Whether you're aiming for your first competition or simply seeking to refine your skills, the Dressage Tests Novice 27 serves as a perfect platform to showcase your dedication and love for the sport.

Question What are the key movements included in the Dressage Test Novice 27? The Dressage Test Novice 27 typically includes movements such as walk and Trot circles, transitions between paces, and simple lateral movements like leg yield, designed to assess the horse's basic obedience and balance. **Answer** How can I best prepare my horse for the Novice 27 dressage test? Consistent training focusing on transitions, circles, and lateral movements, along with regular schooling sessions to improve obedience and relaxation, will help prepare your horse for the Novice 27 test. What are common mistakes riders make during the Novice 27 dressage test? Common mistakes include inconsistent transitions, poor bend or circles, and lack of clarity in movements. Ensuring smooth transitions and correct positioning can help avoid these issues. Are there specific scoring tips for excelling in the Novice 27 test? Yes, focus on accuracy, straightness, and clarity of movements. Maintaining a steady rhythm and ensuring correct transitions will maximize your score. What level of experience is recommended before attempting the Novice 27 dressage test? Riders should have a solid foundation in basic dressage skills, including walk, trot, canter, and simple transitions, typically at a beginner to intermediate level. How long does it usually take to train for the Novice 27 dressage test? Training duration varies depending on the horse and rider's experience, but typically, several months of consistent practice are needed to confidently perform the test. Are there specific warm-up routines recommended before performing the Novice 27 test? A warm-up focusing on relaxation, transitions, and light circles helps prepare the horse. Keeping the warm-up calm and focused ensures readiness for the test. Where can I find official resources or videos to

learn the Novice 27 dressage test? Official dressage organizations and online platforms like the USEF or FEI websites often provide the test diagrams, videos, and guidelines to help riders learn and practice the Novice 27 test.

Related keywords: dressage tests, novice 27, equestrian dressage, dressage test rules, training level dressage, dressage scoring, horse training, dressage patterns, riding competitions, equestrian events

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